

RIKKYO ECHO

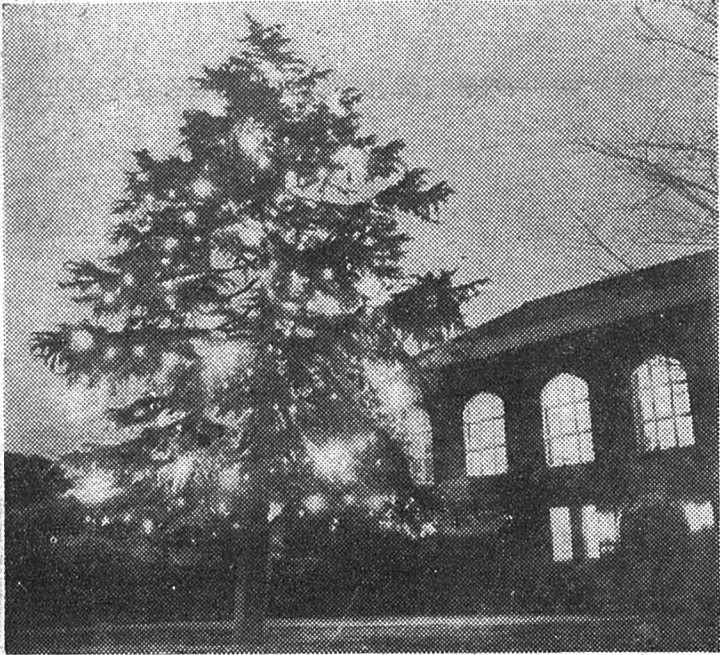
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ST. PAUL'S UNIVERSITY

DECEMBER, 1956 Price 10 Yen

Peace on Earth and Goodwill toward Men



Christmas Eve at Rikkyo University

The Birth of the End of the World

Prof. Enkichi Kan, D.D.

Christmas means the festival of Christ. It is the day to adore and thank God for what He has done for us by sending Jesus Christ to us. Since the last war, Christmas has been celebrated almost everywhere in Japan but without knowing what it really means. It is just like the observance of Sunday here in Japan. People do not know what Sunday really means. When Christmas comes, people think of Santa Claus and Christmas trees. But they are not the essentials of Christmas. Christmas does not mean anything without Christ. Christmas is the day of commemoration of the Birth of Jesus Christ. Who is Jesus Christ? He is the one who brings to us the Kingdom (Reign of God), which is the aim and the purpose, in other words, the end of the world.

Then we might say that Jesus Christ is the End of the World. And He was born in Bethlehem 1956 years ago. If so, we must say that the End of the World has appeared already in this world. But in

what manner was He born? The Bible tells us that He was born in a rugged manger. The man who brings to us the Kingdom (Reign of God) which is the same as the End of the World, was born in such a hidden way. Not only that the Bible teaches us that He was the hidden and secret Messiah all through His life on this earth. Yes, He was the man who reveals God to us in a hidden way. His birth is simply the beginning of His whole life of the hidden revealer of God. And those who can believe Him as the true Messiah, i.e. as our Savior, in spite of this hidden state of His existence here in this world, will be able to look up to the day of the manifestation of His hidden glory and pray to Him "Come Jesus quickly." Our act of looking back the past history to commemorate the birth of Christ is automatically changed into the act of looking up the Second Coming of Jesus Christ in future. This is the true Christian Way of observing Christmas.

Christmas Attractions

The Class Committee decided to have Christmas for Rikkyo students on Dec. 19 and 20, putting it a bit early so that they can make it an enjoyable "students' festival."

Main attractions;

Dec. 19 Lecture-meeting.
Documentary and news-film.
Jazz-concert.
Dec. 20 Morning: Movie and juvenile drama for children of Rikkyo Primary School and some orphanage.
Afternoon: Orchestra-concert.
Mystery Play by

B.S.A.
Evening: "Messiah" by K.A.Y. Chorus.

Scheduled Exams

The Economics Department;
For Frosh. and Soph. Feb. 4-14
For Jr. Feb. 15-Mar. 1
For Sr. Feb. 4-12
The Literature Department;
For Frosh. and Soph. Feb. 4-14
For Jr. and Sr. Feb. 4-9
The Science Department;
For Frosh. and Soph. Feb. 4-14
For Jr. and Sr. Feb. 11-16

International Students' Meeting Held

The International Students' Meeting, sponsored by the English Speaking Society of Rikkyo University, assisted by the Japan Times and Rikkyo University was held at Rikkyo on Dec. 8 from 1:00 to 8:00 p.m.

President's Speech at the Reception

It is my distinct privilege and pleasure to welcome you here this evening. When the members of the English Speaking Society of Rikkyo University asked me to sponsor an international students' meeting here at our university, assisted by the Japan Times, I gave my whole-hearted approval to them without hesitation, and I promised to give them every support within my power. I did so not only because such a plan is perfectly in accord with the well established tradition of Rikkyo University throughout the last 82 years, namely, universal brotherhood of men and world fellowship, but because personally I have always been waiting for an opportunity to offer the facilities of this institution to make a small contribution to the better understanding among peoples, especially the young peoples of the world. Thanks to the common instrument of communication, the English language, the delegates to the International Students' Meeting were able to spend some hours this afternoon in discussing the role of the United Nations, which was established to maintain international peace and security and which, in my opinion, is fulfilling a challenging duty in such trouble-spots as the Near East and Eastern Europe. The United Nations is the cornerstone of international peace and security and I think it is fitting and proper that young men representing 16 nations here who are all interested in perpetual peace pay serious considera-

tion to this important problem. However, what is far more important is the fact that you delegates representing these nations have become personal friends this afternoon, and I am particularly proud that Rikkyo University, which I have the honor to represent, has played some part in this significant enterprise. Delegates to the International Students' Meeting! I urge you to continue to cherish the friendship you have made this afternoon and use it as the basis for creating a better and happier world. This day, December 8, is remembered as the unhappy day of the Pearl Harbor attack when the two great nations of the Pacific declared war on each other for the first time and, I hope, the last time in history. This is past history which cannot be undone. However, you young delegates representing 16 nations must look forward and not backward. You must make this December 8, 1956, when you discussed the great problems of the world here at Rikkyo's campus, the starting point of international peace and friendship, and this day should in the future be remembered as a day of world fellowship. I know that the energy and vigor of young people working together can do great things in creating new history. That is the duty and privilege of youth, and that is what God intends. I am grateful to you for your attendance and co-operation, and let me say again that Rikkyo University is always ready to render any humble service to the great cause which you and we stand for.

This meeting was an attempt by the Rikkyo E.S.S. to promote mutual understanding with other nationals and to contribute to the establishment of international friendship through the English language.

30 foreign students from 13 Asian countries and Australia, Germany, and U.S.A., presently studying in Japan and 150 St. Paul's students participated in the meeting.

The meeting was opened at 1:00 by an opening ceremony at Room 35. Mr. T. Takahashi, chairman of E.S.S., made an opening address and Prof. V. B. Haley made a greeting address.

From 1:30 the meeting was subdivided into three discussion groups, however all of them discussed the same subject "The Role of the United Nations". The chairmen of each group were Messrs. T. Furukawa (Sr.), B. Suzuki (Jr.) and M. Yoshimoto (Soph.).

After a short recess the delegates had the pleasure of seeing the drama, *A Picture Wife*, which was the first-prize-winner in the Four University English Theatrical Contest held on Nov. 10 & 11 at Hitotsubashi Hall.

In the Dining Hall a welcome reception was given by Dr. M. Matsushita, president of Rikkyo University. Miss K. Fujiyoshi (Jr.) conducted the ceremony. Hosts and guests made table speeches. The meeting was closed in friendly atmosphere by Mr. M. Takano (Sr.) expressing hearty thanks for the international fellowship.

Entrance Exams to Begin Mar.8

The schedule of the entrance examination for the next year was lately decided by the Section of School Affairs as follows. The number of students for admission will be about 550 to the Economics Department, about 380 to the Literature Department, and about 100 to the Science Department.

All these limitations are nearly the same as those of this year. The application for admission to each department will be received from Jan. 21.

The dates of the first examinations are Mar. 5 for the Economics Department, Mar. 8 for the Literature Department and Mar. 22 for the Science Department. The subject matter of the exams are the same as that of this year.

The announcement of successful candidates will be made on Mar. 21 for the Economics and Literature Departments and on 27 for the Science Department.

Job-hunting in its Height

Job-hunting season, which opened with the end of summer vacation, now is in its height and some 250 seniors have already been successful in the examination for employment by the end of November. This figure is twice as many as that of the same time last year.

This bright tendency is the outcome of two economic conditions. First, a record-breaking rice crop for two successive years promotes the purchasing power of the people at large. Secondly, the prosperous condition of foreign countries promotes the exports of Japan. Thanks to these brisk conditions, more companies, especially of electric and mechanical industries, employed Rikkyoites.

The Section of Personnel Affairs, however, gives warning not to look only on the bright side of things, because

this year a lot of powerful employers have offered jobs earlier than last year. And it is true that the number of successful men by far exceeds that of last year. But the number of applications is also almost twice as many as that of last year, and the ratio of successful men to applicants is not so good.

Detailed figures for each department are as follows:

	E.	L.	S.
Transportation	17	2	-
Chemicals	8	-	5
Mechanical industry	23	5	-
Steel and metal	13	-	-
Banking	13	2	-
Insurance	19	-	-
Securities	13	2	-
Department store	7	-	-
Commerce and trade	61	5	-
Foodstuffs	13	2	1
Oil and mining	4	1	-
Press and Broadcasting	4	3	-
Miscellaneous	36	-	-
(E. Economics, L. Literature, S. Science)			

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EDITORIAL

Appreciating Advice And Criticism

Advice and criticism, however outspoken and searching they may be, are always invaluable to the progress and success of any worthy undertaking, if they are given constructively.

It may be worthwhile, in this connection, to clarify our position against such criticism of this paper as, "It's contents are shallow and of no value." Our editorial policy has been to report and comment on all events on and outside the campus relevant to Rikkyo students in particular and student life in general as objectively and factually as humanly possible, avoiding to take any one-sided viewpoint. There are of course many news even in the fields we are covering which we do not want to report or comment on, and which we have deliberately kept from printing. Our decision to that effect have been taken on the ground that they are not in accordance with the principles of good journalism, particularly college journalism, generally accepted in most democratic countries.

However, there are not a few people, including students, in this country today who regard anything except what they have been indoctrinated as "shallow and meaningless" and who find virtues only in polemic and antagonistic attitudes. Living, as we do, in a world totally different from theirs, we find it quite beyond our ability to let them see our point.

The fact that our publication has more than doubled in circulation in these few years

indicates that our editorial policy has been approved by our readers. We gratefully acknowledge their support and encouragement, assuring them of our appreciation for their frank, constructive criticism at any time.

Peace on Earth

How many millions of people for untold generations throughout the length and breadth of the earth have repeated in their fervent prayers these most significant words in the Angelic Hymn, "peace on earth," no one can tell. But we do know that in this, coming Christmas even those who profess other faiths will join the followers of the Prince of Peace in all lands in the same prayer at heart, remembering in particular thousands of starving, homeless masses, victims of recent hostilities in Hungary and in the Middle East.

However, by those events, a seeming setback in the cause for universal peace and goodwill, our conviction that goodwill among men not only lasts on but ultimately triumphs on this earth will never be shaken. It is rather lack of goodwill, genuine goodwill, that gives rise to intrigue, conflict, repression, tyranny and terrorism, ending only in sufferings and miseries of innocent masses, and even in denial of the fundamental human rights. Complexities of modern life, its complicated economic, political and international relations, will be no justification for suppressing or not giving full play to our goodwill.

In the Christmas season, during which it is a universal custom now to remember friends, even mere acquaintances, near and far in all corners of the globe, by writing to them or sending them gifts, let us deepen our sense of brotherhood of all mankind and pray in earnest for that peace "which passes all understanding."

Glee Club Enchants Music Lovers

The 47th annual concert of St. Paul's Glee Club was presented with telling success on Nov. 24 at Hibiya Public Hall; on Nov. 25 at Nihon Seinen Kan.

For this concert, Japan's foremost soprano singer Miss. Harue Miyake and the pianist Mr. Michio Kobayashi, her accompanist appeared to practice with Glee Club.

On Nov. 24, Hibiya Public Hall was packed to its utmost capacity but in spite of this the Hall was wrapped in silence. The program begun with the male chorus of the Church Cantata and the



Rikkyo E.S.S. captured the first prize for the best performance at the 20th Four-University English Theatrical Contest which was held at Hitotsubashi Hall in Kanda under the auspices of the Four-University English Theatrical Association, sponsored by the Yomiuri and supported by the Obunsha and the Kenkyusha on Nov. 10 and 11.

This year Rikkyo E.S.S. staged *Esugata Nyobo* (A Picture Wife) by Seiichi Yashiro, which was translated by the E.S.S. of Rikkyo, and the other three performances were

The Beautiful People by Keio University, *Ile* by Waseda University and *Murder is Fun!* by Hitotsubashi University.

Judges were Mr. Warren Knott from the British Embassy, Mr. Ralph Meguire from the American Embassy, Mr. Tadaichi Hirakawa, a former teacher of English conversation on the radio program, well-known for his "Come Come Song", and Mr. Wallace W. Smith, professor of Komazawa University and Taisho University and a member of the Japan-America Association.

Tea Ceremony under Blue Sky

During the Cultural Festival of this year, all students and guests paid much attention to the demonstration of the open-air tea ceremony by our tea ceremony study group.

This group was established last fall in order to study this traditional Japanese tea cult.

As it has been only a short time since its establishment and since it was the first time this club had taken part in the Cultural Festival, the members were not certain whether they would be able to attract

many participants in the demonstration on the tea ceremony. But as a matter of fact, to their pleasant surprise, more than two hundred students and guests gathered to taste the tea.

The reason for this success is, as the chairman of the club revealed, attributed to the increasing interest in Japanese arts among Rikkyoites, and to the Ryurei style taken in the open-air tea ceremony.

This Ryurei style in which guests of honor sit on the chairs instead of on the tatami, was first designed in the Meiji era for the sake of the foreigners who have aspired to grasp the essence of the tea ceremony but could not continue to sit on the tatami for a long time.

The tea ceremony was fathered in the Azuchi-Momoyama era by Sen-No-Rikyu. Since then many schools and sects have been brought into existence. But what all these tea schools are aiming at is the same thing; harmony in human relations and the understanding of the concept of the so-called "Wabi and Sabi".

At present about twenty members are taking lessons once a week from Soko Kato, the master of the Ura-Senke, in their tea-room in the classical, tranquil, mellow atmosphere. Through these lessons they intend to cultivate themselves and improve their personality.

The club hopes that more and more Rikkyo students will be interested in this time-honored cult of Japan.

The details of the result are as follows; Rikkyo won the first prize for the best performance and for the best stage effects. The first prize for individual play went to Mr. H. Tanaka (Keio), the second prize to Mr. T. Koyama (Hitotsubashi) and the third prize to Miss H. Oshima (Rikkyo).

A Picture Wife is the story of a young, ugly, solitary but pure-hearted lord, who finds his lover and loses her because of his ugliness.

Three characters appear in this play:—the above mentioned lord; Sui who is beautiful and pure in both body and soul; Yomo who is favoured in his physical make-up, but cursed with the worldly desires that plague mankind.

These three human beings find themselves lonely after all, whatever their situations are.

Prof. G. Lehman of Rikkyo University, after expressing his appreciation, gave his impressions of this drama:—

"Everyone has been praising the Rikkyo E.S.S.'s production of *A Picture Wife*. The judges of the Four University English Theatricals found Rikkyo's play to be the winner and almost everyone, including myself, agreed with them.

"Although I do not feel competent to judge the play from the standpoints of the various technical elements making up a drama, I can say that, as far as I was aware, there were no serious flaws in the performance of *A Picture Wife*, no point where my interest and enjoyment were interrupted by some lack of an element necessary to a smooth unfolding of the play.

"All in all, the production of *A Picture Wife* by the Rikkyo E.S.S. was indeed very creditable and thoroughly enjoyable. Credit must be given not only to the actors and actresses, of course, but to all who had a part in it, from the director to the prompter. Without the cooperation of every participant, it could not have been the wonderful success that it was.

"However, I would like to advise you E.S.S. members not to rest on your laurels, but to begin looking towards next year's production. And in that connection I would call your attention to the matter of the choice of the play: I know that it is a tradition with Rikkyo to present a Japanese play, but I wonder if it isn't time to break tradition. After all, is an easy victory year after year really a victory? Personally I feel confident that the Rikkyo E.S.S. can win the Four University English Theatricals Contest no matter what type they choose to present. And I am looking forward to the day when they will justify my confidence in them and prove to the critics that Rikkyo is really and truly "tops" in English language drama."

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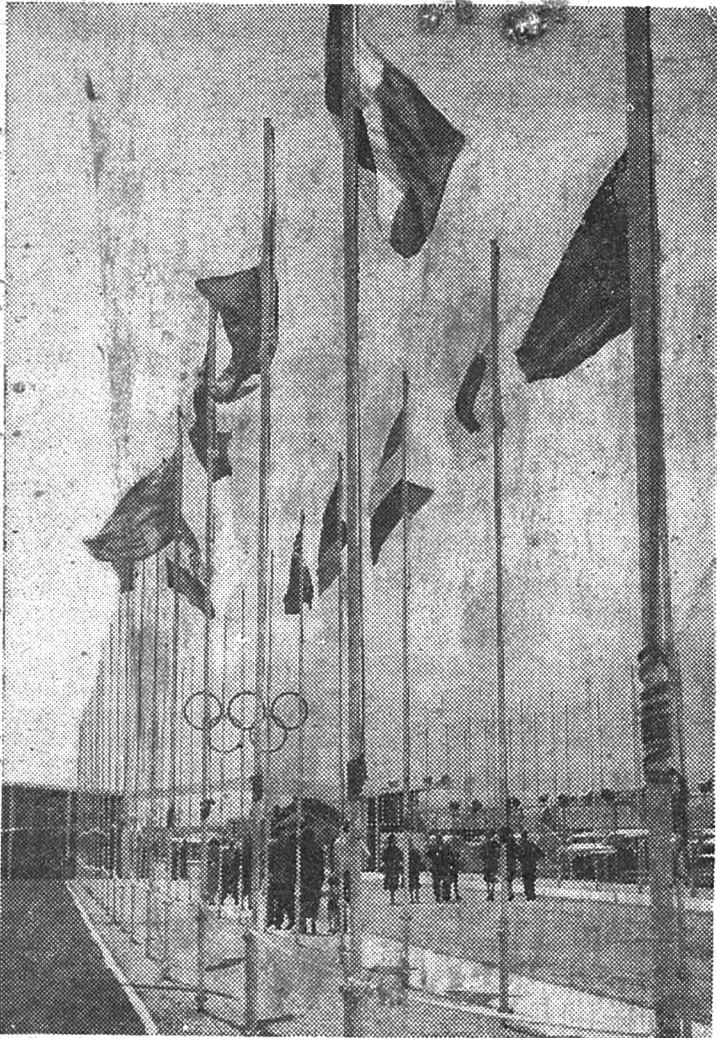
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SPORTS



Rising Sun Flag (second from right)
Japan's national flag was hoisted in front of Olympic village in Melbourne together with other national flags of various countries which are participating in the Game.
By the KYODO PRESS

13 from Rikkyo to Melbourne

Japan sent a 161 men delegation to the 16th Melbourne Olympic Games. Some 6,000 athletes from 68 nations of the world are participating in the international sports festival.

From Rikkyo University, 13 athletes including coaches and managers were selected out of thousands of a candidates as delegates of Japan's Olympic team. Never before have so many persons taken part in the Olympics, from our campus.

On October 5, the send-off party was held for Rikkyo delegates, at our campus.

The Roster of Olympic delegates from Rikkyo is as follows:

Hiroshi Negami

(Employee of Kurihara Shoten, Japan Olympic Swimming Team Member in 1936.)

Mitsuo Ota

(Swimming coacher, Employee of

under the auspices of the Rikkyo Athlete Association and the O.B. Athlete Club.

With all the delegates attending except the Basketball members, the party started with the message of President Matsushita, in which he expressed his gratification for the sending of more member than that of any other past years. After the introduction of each delegate, swimming coach Negami said, representing the delegates from Rikkyo in the closing address, "We do our best to bring honour to Rikkyo University and to Japan."

Waiichiro Omura

Katsumura Construction Co. Japan Olympic Swimming Team Member in 1936.)

Takashi Takabayashi

(Soccer. Employee of Tanabe Pharmaceutical Co. Participated in 1956 Olympic elimination contest with South Korean team.)

Masayasu Maeda

(Soccer. Employee of Tanabe Pharmaceutical Co. Participated in 1953 International Student Sport Week, in 2nd Asian Games in 1954, and 1955 games with Burmese team.)

Tao Sugiyama

(Basketball coacher. President of Toho Straw Pulp Co.)

Hitoshi Konno

(Basketball. Employee of Yawata Iron and Steel Manufacturing Co. Participated in 1953 South Asian Games and in 2nd Asian Games.)

Hiroshi Saito

(Basketball. Employee of Tekkosha Co. Participated in 1953 South Asian Games and in 2nd Asian Games.)

Hiroshi Arai

(Basketball. Employee of Japan Mining Co. Participated in 1954 Asian Games.)

(Basketball. Employee of Matsushita Electric Industries. Participated in 1953 Southeast Asian Games and in 2nd Asian Games.)

These are alumni. Followings are undergraduates:-

Takeshi Shimizu

(Swimming. 100-58.4 sec; 200-2min. 9.8 sec.)

Yasuo Takamori

(Soccer. Member of Japanese student team visiting Burma in 1954.)

Shutaro Shoji

(Basketball.)

Setsuo Nara

(Basketball.)

As far as the basketball Rikkyo University. It is said team is concerned Japan sent that the team is the strongest her first delegation to Melbourne which we have ever had bourné, almost half of which in Japan.

For the first time in 20

years, since the Berlin Olympics, Japan sent soccer squad. Omura, Takabayashi and Takamori, from Rikkyo are members.

As already mentioned, President Matsushita expressed his great satisfaction that about 10 per cent of Japan's delegates are Rikkyo men.

During an interview with him he said that he hopes and expects our delegates to conduct themselves proudly, as the representatives of Japan, inside or outside the field, wherever they are. "I hope they do not think they are too much responsible for the game they have to play. To have the feeling of much responsibility might make them act awkward. 'The important thing is to take part in' is the word of the Olympic founder. If the next Olympic is to be held in Tokyo", he continued, "It is very desirable that the Green Heights field, completed recently will be able to serve for it. And many men making use of the Heights will appear in the Olympic coming hereafter. In this sense Green Heights is of great significance to Rikkyo students and to all."

The people of Australia are still said to have strong anti-Japanese feeling because of the brutal actions taken by Japanese soldiers during the war. This is the time all the Japanese delegates should show their skill and at the same time their goodwill toward others in order to achieve much more friendly relationship than ever before with Australia, and with all the world.



St. Paul's Soft Baseball Team who won the three consecutive victory.

CO-EDS

Previously, the girls of our University for many reasons, were not able to join the Athletic Association, but from April 1956, two popular Athletic Clubs were formed by sport lovers.

Tennis Club is one of them. At the present there are about ten members. Thanks to the effort of all members, the

Tennis Club has now attended the Japan Student Softball Tennes League. After trying very hard during the Spring and Summer tournament, they finally gained a victory over Tokyo Women's College and were promoted to the B class.

The other Club is Basketball. With the co-operation of each member, this club is also

gaining an important position.

We should all look forward to the accomplishment of these organizations and let us give them whole hearted support.

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Yuletide throughout the World



Sick-rooms Decorated in England

At this season, in England, churches, houses, shops and in some parts of the country, whole streets are colourfully decorated. The basis of these decorations is strips or branches of evergreen. The most popular decoration are holly, a green shrub with spiky leaves and bright red berries.

Especially in hospitals, all sick-rooms are decorated beautifully. But compared with other countries such as Japan, Christmas decorations in England are very plain and quiet, which shows the temper and nature of the Englishman. All traffic facilities are stopped and everyman spends Christmas in his home all day long.

Christmas decorations in London shine with some of the multicoloured starlike decorations which have brought a touch of fairyland to Regent Street, one of London's famous thoroughfares.

The coloured stars, numbering of over 1200 are suspended 20 feet above Regent Street and are one of the London attractions during the Christmas season.

Children look forward to Santa Claus white bearded and with ruddy face. Sometimes Santa Claus is called Father Christmas. On Christmas Eve he will come from the northern country riding in a sleigh drawn by eight reindeer and he will fill the stockings of good boys and girls with many presents.

Christmas is a time when, however split up they are for the rest of the year, families gather together. Sons and daughters, who had left home either to study at a university, or to join the armed forces, all endeavour to return to their parents at this time. There are many homes in Britain where, for the Christmas dinner, there are three generations round the table the senior members, their children and their grandchildren.

For full members of the church the day begins at dawn or midnight with the

sacrament. The midnight mass wins favour from two causes, it would seem, characteristic of the period we live in, a new taste for the dramatic in worship and more humbly, domestic convenience; for where there are children and no servants, husband and wife may be unable to communicate at any other time.

Christmas in America

By Prof. E. H. Falck

Everywhere in the States, Christmas is celebrated but in many different ways. For the people of the United States have come from many different European countries and have preserved in the new land the customs of their home lands. For example, in Wisconsin and other northern states the Norwegian and Swedish customs are followed in the homes.

Almost everywhere, however, the Christmas tree is decorated. In New York a magnificent tall tree is set up in Rockefeller Plaza and for a week before Christmas crowds of shoppers stop to sing carols around it after it is lighted with hundreds of lights. Many cities on Christmas Eve join in singing led by a brass band and a choir.

In the homes, the little children wait for Santa Claus who will come during the night driving his "eight tiny reindeer" and fill the stockings.

In the morning, or at midnight, the Catholic Church members go to church for the

Be not afraid...I bring you good news of a great joy which will come to all the people; for to you is born this day in the city of David a Savior who is Christ the Lord and this will be a sign for you: You will find a babe wrapped in swaddling cloths and lying in manger.

"Glory to god in the highest, and on earth peace among men with whom he is pleased!"

Luke 2:10-14

Santa Claus Comes Door to Door in Switzerland

In Switzerland, Christmas is not merely a Holy day but also it is a wonderful festival both for children and grown-ups.

Every year, when Christmas comes near at hand there is prevailing an atmosphere of gaiety in all streets and many big and small Santa Clauses go from door to door, presenting to the poor hearty presents. In every family

they decorate a small pine tree, hanging on it the figures of Angels, scent bags, animals made of candy and small fire works. When the day comes, white wax candles begin to throw their slender light on thus beautifully decorated Christmas trees, giving a charming atmosphere for Christmas.

In the families of German descent, a peculiar way of de-

corating the Christmas tree which will surely evoke the smile of a foreigner is still lingering on. In these families, parents lock the room where they intend to put the Christmas tree, forbidding the children to enter or to have a glimpse of the room until Christmas. And parents hide many Christmas presents for children in that room.

Since their babyhood, children have had the firm belief that on Christmas day, Santa Claus will never fail to come to fill the room with plenty of gifts.

But in truth, it is the parents' doing. Not knowing this at all, all children, on Christmas Eve, light candles and wait for the ring of a bell from the room; the mother, around six o'clock, goes out of the room on some pretext or other, but in truth, to ring the bell. All children, hearing the bell ringing, rush into the room at the same time and are amazed and delighted by the beautiful presents from their parents on behalf of Santa Claus.

Above all, however, the most smile-evoking scene of Christmas is to be seen in German Switzerland, where all children cherish the legend that on Dec. 6 the white bearded Saint Nicholas comes to look for the honest and kind hearted children, carrying a big bag of Christmas presents on his shoulder with stick in his hand.

The parents, not to spoil this long cherished expectation of children, ask their friends to come on Dec. 6 in disguise of Saint Nicholas. When this disguised Saint Nicholas appears parents usually boast of the children's well-behavior but sometimes, complain of their mischievous urchins.

Then Saint Nicholas, in the case of the good children presents many gifts patting their hands but in the latter case he slips a few presents into their hands after lashing the children with his stick.

they set a little Christmas tree in the centre of the room and enjoy a merry Christmas peacefully with their family and friends. Being given the two-weeks holiday all school boys go back home in order to spend the Christmas vacation.

In Denmark, they open the Christmas party with singing hymns and Christmas carols at their homes on the evening of 24th (Christmas Eve) and exchange the addressed Christmas presents which were set beforehand under the Christmas tree with each other.

Then they sit at the table on which beautiful Christmas cake, roast goose, roast pork, apple cake, red cabbage and wine are arranged. After this special Christmas dinner, they all dance around the Christmas tree shaking hands with each other. There is an atmosphere of healthy home in such a place, to say nothing of that of religion.

In other European countries and America, they are in the habit of holding a celebration of Christmas on 25th, and in Denmark, they do it on the evening of the 24th and in addition, they do not hang their stockings on the branch of Christmas tree, for Santa Claus does not appear in this country. In stead of Santa Claus, it is believed that a little fairy as told in the works of Hans Andersen visits surely here. So the children need not clean their chimney.

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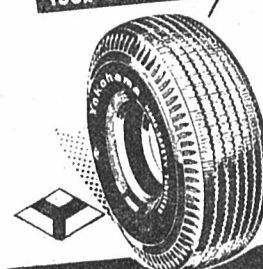
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YOUR TUBE TROUBLES*



YOKOHAMA
HAMA-SAFETY · HAMA-LINER
TUBELESS TIRE